

Symptoms of Compassion Fatigue

Physical Symptoms		
	I have been feeling fatigued I have been feeling keyed up & nervous I am doing less rather than more exercise	
Psyc	hological Symptoms	
	I have lost interest and enjoyment in activities	
Emotional Symptoms		
	I have been more angry and irritable than normal	

Spirit	tual Symptoms			
	I have been avoiding spending time with my friends and family I have been avoiding spending time with God I fear for the safety of myself and my loved ones I have engaged less rather than more in activities that used to bring me pleasure I have had a lack of time for self I find it difficult to trust others I have feelings of despair and hopelessness			
Profe	Professional Symptoms			
	I have been unable to get work or something specific to work out of my head I have had unwanted memories pop up in my head of past events from work My productivity at work has been reduced I have felt like quitting my job more than once I find paperwork and menial tasks getting in the way of my enjoyment of work Five or more checked could indicate that you are suffering from compassion fatigue symptoms.			
	Symptoms of Secondary Traumatic Stress			
Intru	sive Symptoms			
	Thoughts and images associated with client's traumatic experiences Obsessive and compulsive desire to help certain clients Client/work issues encroaching upon personal time Inability to let go of work related matters Perception of survivors as fragile and needing the assistance of caregiver ("saviour") Thoughts and feelings of inadequacy as a caregiver Sense of entitlement or special-ness Perception of the world in terms of victims and perpetrators Personal activities interrupted by work related issues			
Avoi	Avoidance Symptoms			
	Silencing response (avoiding hearing/witnessing client's traumatic material) Loss of enjoyment in activities/cessation of self care activities			

	Loss of energy Loss of hope/sense of dread working with certain clients Loss of sense of competency/potency Isolation Secretive self medication (alcohol, drugs, work, sex, food, spending etc) Relational dysfunction
A rou	sal Symptoms
	Increased anxiety Impulsivity/reactivity Increased perception of demand/threat (both in job and environment) Increased frustration/anger Sleep disturbance Difficulty concentrating Change in weight/appetite Somatic symptoms
	Self Care Worksheet
Phys	ical Self Care
	Aerobic activity; exercise regularly (3x/week) Eat regularly (breakfast, lunch & dinner) Eat healthy foods Preventive medical care
	Medical care when needed Take time off work when sick

Psychological Self Care

	Self-regulate at work (pelvic relaxation, peripheral vision, body scan & soften muscles) Self-regulate in personal life (pelvic relaxation, peripheral vision, body scan & soften muscles) Maintain intentionality in work Maintain intentionality in personal life Make time away from demands
	Write in a journal
	Read literature that is unrelated to work
	Do something at which you are not an expert or in charge
	Let others know different aspects of you
	Be curious
	Say no to extra responsibilities
	Decrease stress in your life
Emot	tional Self Care
_	Connect with others whose company you enjoy
	Connect with others whose company you enjoy Love yourself
	Laugh
	Cry
	Play with animals
	Play with children
	Identify comforting activities, objects, people, places and seek them out
	Express anger is social action (ie letters to newspapers, donations, marches, gatherings)
Spirit	tual Self Care
	Spend time with God
	Spend time in nature
	Find spiritual connection or community
	Cherish optimism and hope
	Be open to not knowing
	Sing
	Pray
	Spend time with children
	Be open to inspiration
	Have gratitude
	Meditate/pray

Listen to music
Engage in artistic activity/expression
Have experiences of awe
Be mindful of what is happening in your body and around you
Make meanings from difficult periods
Seek truth

Workplace Self Care

Take time to eat lunch
Take time to connect with co workers
Make quiet time to complete tasks
Identify projects or tasks that are exciting/rewarding
Set limits with clients and colleagues
Balance your workload so that you are not overwhelmed
Arrange your workspace so that it is comfortable and comforting
Get regular supervision and consultation
Negotiate for your needs (benefits, pay raise)
Have a peer support group